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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF INTERACTIVE SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF
INTERACTIVE SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED

Opinion

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

We have audited the attached financial statements of Interactive Securities (Private) Limited (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2021, and the statement of profit or loss, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows and statement of financial position as at June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows and the notes to the financial statements, taken together, give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2021 and of the profit, total comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF INTERACTIVE SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED**

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of **INTERACTIVE SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED** (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at **June 30, 2021**, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2021 and of the profit, total comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

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- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

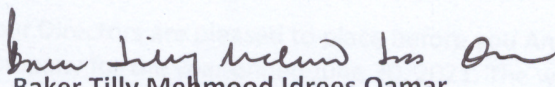
Other Matter

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2020, were audited by Nasir Javaid Maqsood Imran Chartered Accountants, who issued unmodified opinion thereon on September 22, 2020.

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The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is **Mehmood A. Razzak**.




Baker Tilly Mehmoed Idrees Qamar
Chartered Accountants

Karachi
Date:

07 OCT 2021

Profit before taxation

Taxation

Profit after taxation

Dividend

The Board of Directors do not recommend any dividend during the year due to cash flow requirements during next financial year.

Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share for the year ended 30th June 2021 was Rs. 5.75

Auditors

The auditors of the company Baker Tilly Mehmoed Idrees Qamar Chartered Accountants have retired and offer their services for the ensuing year.

On behalf of the board

For Interactive Securities (Pvt.) Ltd.

Chief Executive Officer

Muhammad Iqbal

Karachi

October 07th 2021

Director

Muhammad Adnan



INTERACTIVE SECURITIES (PVT) LIMITED

Room # 81, Second Floor, Pakistan Stock Exchange Building, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.-74000.

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Trading Right Entitlement Certificate Holder of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited
(Formerly: Karachi Stock Exchange Limited)

DIRECTORS REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Your Directors are pleased to place before you Annual Report along with the audited accounts of the company for the year ended June 30, 2021. The working results of the company for the said financial year are given as under:

Total Income	Rs. 41,700,449
Operating expenses	Rs (6,811,491)
Profit before taxation	Rs . 34,888,958
Taxation	Rs. (365,603)
Profit after taxation	Rs. 34,523,355

Dividend:

The Board of Directors do not recommended any dividend during the year due to cash flow requirement during next financial year.

Earnings Per Share:

Earning per share for the year ended 30th June 2021 was Rs. 5.75

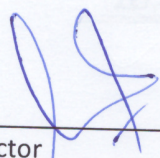
Auditors:

The auditors of the company Baker Tilly Mehmood Idrees Qamar chartered Accountants have retired and offer their services for the ensuring year.

On behalf of the board

For: Interactive Securities (Pvt.) Ltd.


Chief Executive Officer
Mohammad Iqbal


Director
Muhammad Adnan

Karachi
October 07th, 2021

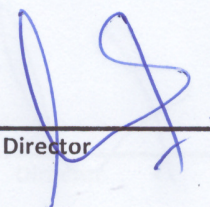
INTERACTIVE SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT JUNE 30, 2021

	Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorized Share Capital			
8,000,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		<u>80,000,000</u>	<u>40,000,000</u>
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Share Capital			
6,000,000 (2020: 4,000,000) Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	4	60,000,000	40,000,000
Unappropriated profit		50,709,025	36,185,670
		<u>110,709,025</u>	<u>76,185,670</u>
Non - Current Liabilities			
Loan from directors		80,000,000	-
Current Liabilities			
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities	5	2,468,529	156,459
Short term loan from directors		14,000,000	-
Bank overdraft	12.1	10,269,796	-
		<u>26,738,325</u>	<u>156,459</u>
		<u>217,447,350</u>	<u>76,342,129</u>
ASSETS			
Non - Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	6	374,559	262,817
Intangible	7	5,000,000	5,000,000
Long term deposits	8	2,000,000	2,000,000
		<u>7,374,559</u>	<u>7,262,817</u>
Current Assets			
Trade debts	9	9,888	-
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables	10	65,409,037	6,730,854
Short term investment	11	144,439,075	19,006,833
Cash and bank balances	12	214,791	43,341,625
		<u>210,072,791</u>	<u>69,079,312</u>
		<u>217,447,350</u>	<u>76,342,129</u>

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

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 Chief Executive Officer

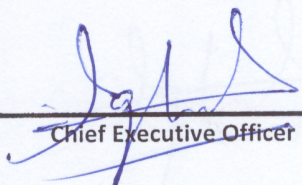

 Director

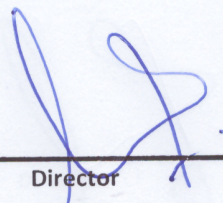
INTERACTIVE SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
Commission income		1,519,091	438,753
Operating expenses		(6,327,818)	(1,305,972)
Operating loss		(4,808,727)	(867,219)
Financial and other charges	14	(483,673)	(42,069)
Other income	15	40,181,358	7,791,046
Profit before taxation		34,888,958	6,881,758
Taxation		(365,603)	(632,580)
Profit for the year		34,523,355	6,249,178
Other comprehensive income / (loss)		-	(3,243,582)
Total comprehensive income		34,523,355	3,005,596
Earnings per share	16	5.75	1.56

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

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 Chief Executive Officer


 Director

INTERACTIVE SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Profit before taxation

Adjustments for non cash items and other charges:

Depreciation

Unrealized (gain) / loss on revaluation of investment at FVTPL

Finance Income

Balance as at July 01, 2019

Profit for the year ended June 30, 2020

Other comprehensive loss

Total comprehensive income

Balance as at June 30, 2020

Bonus shares for the year ended June 30, 2020

Profit for the year ended June 30, 2021

Other comprehensive income - FVTOCI

Total comprehensive income

Balance as at June 30, 2021

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

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CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

From director

and received

Net cash inflow from financing activities

Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year

Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Issued, subscribed and paid up share capital	Unappropriated profit	Total
Rupees		
40,000,000	33,180,074	73,180,074
-	6,249,178	6,249,178
-	(3,243,582)	(3,243,582)
-	3,005,596	3,005,596
40,000,000	36,185,670	76,185,670
20,000,000	(20,000,000)	-
-	34,523,355	34,523,355
-	-	-
-	34,523,355	34,523,355
60,000,000	50,709,025	110,709,025

Chief Executive Officer

Director

INTERACTIVE SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before taxation		34,888,958	6,881,758
Adjustments for non cash items and other charges :			
Depreciation		102,260	64,872
Unrealized (gain) / loss on revaluation of investment at FVTPL		(2,635,331)	1,189,521
Dividend income		(842,900)	-
Operating profit before working capital changes		31,512,987	8,136,151
Decrease / (increase) in current assets:			
Trade debts		(9,888)	2,547,685
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables		(58,519,662)	3,524,112
Short term investment		(122,796,912)	(3,726,548)
		(181,326,461)	2,345,249
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities:			
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities		2,380,093	(64,423)
Taxes paid		(591,299)	(423,329)
Net cash (used in) / inflow from operating activities		(148,024,680)	9,993,648
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Capital expenditure incurred		(214,000)	(158,000)
Long term deposits		-	4,809
Net cash used in investing activities		(214,000)	(153,191)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Loan from director		94,000,000	-
Dividend received		842,050	-
Net cash inflow from financing activities		94,842,050	-
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(53,396,630)	9,840,457
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		43,341,625	33,501,168
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	17	(10,055,005)	43,341,625

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

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Chief Executive Officer

Director

INTERACTIVE SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

1. NATURE OF BUSINESS AND OPERATIONS

- 1.1 The Company was incorporated in Pakistan on March 13, 2012 as a Private Company limited by shares under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (repealed by Companies Act, 2017). The registered office of the Company is situated at Room No. 81, 2nd Floor, Pakistan Stock Exchange Building, Stock Exchange Road, Karachi. The principal activities of the company is to carry on the business of stock, brokerage, underwriting and investment etc.
- 1.2 The financial statements are presented in Pak Rupee, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Accounting Convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the ' **historical cost convention**'.

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. The estimates / judgments and associated assumptions used in the preparation are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting estimates / judgments / assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates / judgments and associated assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to the accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

2.2 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act), and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017. Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS Standards, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

2.3 New and amended standards and interpretations

2.3.1 Standards, amendments to approved accounting standards effective in current year

There are certain new standards and interpretations of and amendments to existing accounting and reporting standards that have become applicable to the Company for accounting periods beginning on or after July 01, 2020. These are considered either to not be relevant or not to have any significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

2.3.2 Standards, amendments to approved accounting standards and interpretations that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Company

There are number of other standards, amendments and interpretations to the approved accounting standards that are not yet effective and are also not relevant to the Company and therefore, have not been presented here.

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Property, Plant and Equipment

Owned

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the items will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Normal repairs and maintenance are charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred.

Depreciation is charged to income applying the reducing balance method whereby the cost of an asset is written off over its estimated useful life. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month in which the asset is put to use and on disposals upto the month the asset is in use.

Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount of the relevant assets. These are included in the profit and loss account.

3.2 Taxation

Current

The charge of the current year taxation is based on taxable income after considering the rebates and tax credits available, if any. The company's revenue also falls under final tax regime to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

3.3 Trade and other Debts

Trade and other debts are carried at original invoice amount. Debts considered irrecoverable are written off and provision is made against those considered doubtful of recovery.

3.4 Trade and Other Payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

3.5 Provisions

Provisions are recognised in the balance sheet when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

3.6 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash balances and bank deposits. Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost.

3.7 Revenue Recognition

Sales and purchases of securities are recognized on the date of contract. Capital gain or loss on sale of marketable securities is taken to income in the period in which it arises.

Brokerage and other income is accrued as and when due.

3.8 Financial assets

Initial Measurement

The Company classifies its financial assets into following three categories:

- measured at amortised cost.
- fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL); and
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI);

A financial asset is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

Subsequent measurement

Debt Investments at FVOCI These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest / markup income calculated using the effective interest method, and impairment are recognised in the statement of profit or loss account. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income. On de-recognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to the statement of profit and loss account.

Financial assets at FVTPL These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest / markup or dividend income, are recognised in the statement of profit and loss account.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost Financial assets measured at these assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective amortised cost interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest / markup income, and impairment are recognised in the statement of profit and loss account.

Equity Investments at FVOCI These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in the statement of profit or loss account unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to the statement of profit and loss account.

Impairment of financial assets

IFRS 9's impairment requirements use more forward-looking information to recognise expected credit losses – the 'expected credit loss (ECL) model'. This replaces IAS 39's 'incurred loss model'. Instruments within the scope of the new requirements included loans and other debt-type financial assets measured at amortised cost and FVOCI that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Recognition of credit losses is no longer dependent on the Company first identifying a credit loss event. Instead the Company considers a broader range of information when assessing credit risk and measuring expected credit losses, including past events, current conditions, reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the expected collectability of the future cash flows of the instrument.

3.9 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially recognised on trade date i.e. date on which the Company becomes party to the respective contractual provisions. The Company derecognises the financial liabilities when contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire. Financial liability other than at fair value through profit or loss are initially measured at fair value less any directly attributable transaction cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate method.



3.10 Impairment

The carrying amount of the assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment of any assets or group assets. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of such asset is estimated and impairment loss is recognized in the profit and loss account.

4. SHARE CAPITAL

		Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
Authorized Share Capital				
Number of Shares				
2021	2020			
4,000,000	4,000,000		40,000,000	40,000,000
4,000,000	-		40,000,000	-
8,000,000	4,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each	80,000,000	40,000,000

Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Share Capital

Number of Shares				
2021	2020			
4,000,000	4,000,000	4.1	40,000,000	40,000,000
2,000,000	-	4.2	20,000,000	-
6,000,000	4,000,000		60,000,000	40,000,000

4.1 Ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid in cash

4.2 Right shares issued of Rs. 10/- each.

4.3 Pattern of shareholding

Name of shares holder	2021	2020	2021	2020
	-----Percentage-----		-----Number of Shares-----	
Muhamamd Adnan	51%	51%	3,060,000	2,040,000
Muhamamd Iqbal	0.01%	0.01%	300	200
Muhammad Shahid	9%	9%	539,700	359,800
Mrs. Anila Kashaf	40%	40%	2,400,000	1,600,000
	100%	100%	6,000,000	4,000,000

5. CREDITORS, ACCRUED AND OTHER LIABILITIES

	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
Creditors	1	-
Payable to PSX/NCCPL	1,224,443	-
Accrued expenses	1,202,807	87,636
Other Liabilities:		
- Withholding tax	41,278	799
- Tax provision for the year	-	68,024
	2,468,529	156,459

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6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Year ended June 30, 2020

	Furniture	Computer	Office equipment	Total
Opening net book value	30,706	44,793	94,190	169,689
Additions (at cost)	-	60,000	98,000	158,000
Disposals				
Cost	-	-	-	-
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	-
Depreciation charge for the year	(4,606)	(31,438)	(28,829)	(64,872)

Net Book Value as at June 30, 2020

26,100	73,355	163,361	262,817
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As at June 30, 2020

Cost	50,000	162,750	221,300	434,050
Accumulated depreciation	(23,900)	(89,395)	(57,939)	(171,233)

Net Book Value as at June 30, 2020

26,100	73,355	163,361	262,817
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Year ended June 30, 2021

Opening net book value	26,100	73,355	163,361	262,817
Additions (at cost)	49,700	96,800	67,500	214,000
Disposals				
Cost	-	-	-	-
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	-
Depreciation charge for the year	(10,128)	(61,269)	(30,861)	(102,258)

Net Book Value as at June 30, 2021

65,672	108,886	200,000	374,559
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At June 30, 2021

Cost	99,700	259,550	288,800	648,050
Accumulated depreciation	(34,028)	(150,664)	(88,800)	(273,491)

Net Book Value as at June 30, 2021

65,672	108,886	200,000	374,559
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Depreciation rate

15%	30%	15%
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7. INTANGIBLE

	Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
Trading rights entitlement certificates	7.1	2,500,000	2,500,000
Membership card - Pakistan Mercantile Exchange		2,500,000	2,500,000
		<u>5,000,000</u>	<u>5,000,000</u>

7.1 Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited vide their letter dated August 8, 2017 has determined value of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited Trading Rights Entitlement Certificate for base minimum capital purpose amounting to Rs. 2.5 million.

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8.	LONG TERM DEPOSITS	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
	CDC deposit	200,000	200,000
	NCCPL deposit	1,100,000	1,100,000
	PSX deposit	200,000	200,000
	Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited	500,000	500,000
		<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>2,000,000</u>
9.	TRADE DEBTS		
	Debtors Unsecured - considered good	9,888	-
		<u>9,888</u>	<u>-</u>
10.	ADVANCES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
	Advance tax	157,671	-
	Deposit	50,186	1,252,473
	Dividend receivable	850	-
	S.S.T Receivable	168,330	78,159
	Receivable from PSX/NCCPL	65,000,000	5,318,561
	Other receivables	32,000	81,661
		<u>65,409,037</u>	<u>6,730,854</u>
11.	SHORT TERM INVESTMENT		
	Investment in listed securities - FVTPL	144,439,075	4,006,833
	Investments mutual funds - units	-	15,000,000
		<u>144,439,075</u>	<u>19,006,833</u>
12.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES		
	Cash in hand	83	83
	Cash at banks:		
	- Current accounts	20,600	20,600
	- Saving accounts	194,108	43,320,942
		214,708	43,341,542
		<u>214,791</u>	<u>43,341,625</u>
12.1	Bank Overdraft	<u>10,269,796</u>	<u>-</u>

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13. OPERATING EXPENSES	Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
Salaries, wages and benefits	12	4,193,000	75,000
Repair and maintenance	12.1	49,000	115,000
Travelling and conveyance		30,000	20,000
Depreciation	6	102,260	64,872
Professional charges		365,590	85,500
Computer and software expenses		879,684	498,047
Auditors' remuneration	13.1	185,000	150,000
Fee and Subscription		205,175	103,650
Service and transaction charges		304,801	192,697
Miscellaneous expenses		13,308	1,205
		6,327,818	1,305,972
13.1 Auditors' Remuneration			
Audit services			
Audit fee		180,000	105,000
Out of pocket expenses		5,000	45,000
		185,000	150,000
14. FINANCIAL AND OTHER CHARGES			
Bank charges		376,433	22,068
Mark-up on bank overdraft		107,240	20,001
		483,673	42,069
15. OTHER INCOME			
Realized gain on investment in shares		34,655,254	5,577,446
Unrealized Gain / (loss) on revaluation of investment at FVTPL		2,635,331	(1,189,521)
Interest on bank deposits		955,695	2,196,775
Dividend income		842,900	-
Gain on future exposure		538,894	936,021
Gain on BMC		254,437	-
Return on mutual fund units		298,847	270,324
		40,181,358	7,791,046
16. EARNINGS PER SHARE			
Profit after taxation		34,523,355	6,249,178
Number of ordinary shares		6,000,000	4,000,000
Earnings per share		5.75	1.56

17. CASH AND CASH EQUIVILENT	Note	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
Cash and bank balances	12	214,791	43,341,625
Bank overdraft	12.1	(10,269,796)	-
		<u>(10,055,005)</u>	<u>43,341,625</u>

18. PLEDGE SECURITIES	No. of Securities	Value
Pledged to financial institutions on behalf of brokerage house	1,886,500	32,959,120
Pledged to financial institutions on behalf of Clients	909,500	33,059,830
	<u>2,796,000</u>	<u>66,018,950</u>

19. CUSTOMER ASSETS HELD IN CDC

The household approx. 13.81 million securities of his client in the clients CDC sub accounts having approx. fair value Rs. 341 million.

20. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTOR AND EXECUTIVE

	DIRECTOR	
	2021	2020
	----- Rupees -----	
Managerial remuneration	600,000	-
Bonus	250,000	-
	<u>850,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Number of person	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

20.1 No remuneration was paid to chief executive officer of the company through out the year.

21. RELATED PARTY TRANSATIONS

Related parties comprise of associated companies, directors and key management personnel. The company continues to have a policy whereby all transactions with related parties are at contractual / agreed.

Name and relation with the related Party	Percentage Shareholding	Transactions during the year and year end balances	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
Muhammad Shahid Member	9%	Long term		
		Loan due at the year end	40,000,000	-
		Short term		
		Net loan provided and (repaid) during the year	30,000,000	-
Muhammad Iqbal Chief Executive	0.01%	Long term		
		Loan due at the year end	20,000,000	-
		Short term		
		Loan due at the year end	13,500,000	-

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Name and relation with the related Party	Percentage Shareholding	Transactions during the year and year end balances	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
		Long term		
Muhammad Adnan Secretary	51.00%	Long term loan due at the year end	20,000,000	-
		Short term		
		Net loan (repaid) and provided during the year	500,000	-

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

	2021			
	Assets at fair value through OCI	Assets at fair value through profit & loss	Amortized cost	Total
	----- Rupees -----			
Financial instruments by category				
Long term deposits	-	-	2,000,000	2,000,000
Trade debts	-	-	9,888	9,888
Advances, deposits and other receivables	-	-	65,083,036	65,083,036
Short term investment	-	144,439,075	-	144,439,075
Cash and bank balances	-	-	214,791	214,791
	-	144,439,075	67,307,715	211,746,790

	2020			
	Assets at fair value through OCI	Assets at fair value through profit & loss	Amortized cost	Total
	----- Rupees -----			
Financial instruments by category				
Long term deposits	-	-	2,000,000	2,000,000
Trade debts	-	-	-	-
Short term investment	-	19,006,833	-	19,006,833
Advances, deposits and other receivables	-	-	6,730,854	6,730,854
Cash and bank balances	-	-	43,341,625	43,341,625
	-	19,006,833	52,072,479	71,079,312

	2021	
	Amortised cost	Total
	----- Rupees -----	
Financial liabilities		
Loan from directors	80,000,000	80,000,000
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities	2,427,251	2,427,251
Short term loan from directors	14,000,000	14,000,000
Bank overdraft	10,269,796	10,269,796
	106,697,047	106,697,047

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23.1 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in raising the funds necessary to meet its financial obligations that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

Financial liabilities

Loan from directors

Creditors, accrued and other liabilities

Short term loan from directors

Bank overdraft

2020	
Amortised cost	Total
----- Rupees -----	
-	-
88,435	88,435
-	-
-	-
<u>88,435</u>	<u>88,435</u>

23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company is exposed to a variety of financial risks: market risk (comprising interest rate risk, and other price risk), liquidity risk and credit risk that could result in a reduction in the Company's net assets or a reduction in the profits available for dividends.

The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

23.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates or the market price due to a change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, change in market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand of securities and liquidity in the market. The Company manages market risk by monitoring exposure on marketable securities by following the internal risk management and investment policies and guidelines. Market risk comprises of three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

a) Interest rate risk exposure

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Company has financial instruments with both fixed and floating interest rates as specifically disclosed in the respective notes. The Company while dealing in financial instruments negotiates attractive interest rates, which reduces the interest rate price risk.

b) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's net investments in foreign subsidiaries and to foreign exchange bank accounts. During the year the Company does not have any exposure to foreign currency risk.

c) Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. During the year the Company does not have any exposure to equity price risk.

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23.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Company could be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected or difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities as they fall due. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding to an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market options due to the dynamic nature of the business. The Company's treasury aims at maintaining flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available. The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities.

	2021				
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Six month or less	Six to twelve months	One to two years
	Rupees				
Financial liabilities					
Creditors, accrued and other liabil	2,427,251	2,427,251	-	2,427,251	-
Short term loan from directors	14,000,000	14,000,000	-	14,000,000	-
Bank overdraft	10,269,796	10,269,796	-	10,269,796	-
	26,697,047	26,697,047	-	26,697,047	-
	2020				
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Six month or less	Six to twelve months	One to two years
	Rupees				
Financial liabilities					
Creditors, accrued and other liabil	88,435	88,435	-	88,435	-
Short term loan from directors	-	-	-	-	-
Bank overdraft	-	-	-	-	-
	88,435	88,435	-	88,435	-

23.3 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures, limiting transactions with specific counterparties, and continually assessing the credit worthiness of the same.

23.4 Fair value of financial assets

The Company measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

Level 1 : Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 : Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 : Fair value measurements using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

Fair value of the financial assets that are traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices or dealer prices quotations.

The table below analyses financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised:

	2021			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	----- Rupees -----			
Short term investment	144,439,075	-	-	144,439,075
	<u>144,439,075</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>144,439,075</u>

	2020			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	----- Rupees -----			
Short term investment	19,006,833	-	-	19,006,833
	<u>19,006,833</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>19,006,833</u>

24. CAPITAL ADEQUACY LEVEL	2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
Total assets	217,447,350	76,342,129
Less: Total liabilities	(106,738,325)	(156,459)
Revaluation reserves (created upon revaluation of fixed assets)	-	-
Capital adequacy level	<u>110,709,025</u>	<u>76,185,669</u>

24.1 While determining the value of the total assets of the TREC Holder, Notional value of the TRE certificate held by the Company as at year ended June 30, 2021 as determined by Pakistan Stock Exchange has been considered.

25. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	2021 ----- Numbers -----	2020
Total number of employees at the end of the year	<u>8</u>	<u>1</u>
Average number of employees during the year	<u>5</u>	<u>1</u>

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26. NET CAPITAL BALANCE

Net capital requirements of the Company are set and regulated by Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. These requirements are put in place to ensure sufficient solvency margins and are based on excess of current assets over current liabilities.

The Net Capital Balance as required under Third Schedule of Securities and Exchange Rules, 1971 read with the SECP guidelines is calculated as follows:

DESCRIPTION	VALUATION	Note	2021 RUPEES
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and bank balances	As per book value	26.1	65,214,791
Trade receivables	Book value less overdue for more than 14 days	26.2	-
Investment in listed securities in the name of brokerage house	Securities marked to market less 15% discount	26.3	122,773,214
Securities purchased for client			-
PIBS	Marked to market less 5% discount		-
			187,988,005
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade payables	Book value less overdue for more than 30 days	26.4	-
Other payables	As per book values	26.5	26,738,325
			26,738,325
Net capital balance as at June 30, 2021			161,249,680



		2021 RUPEES
26.1	Cash and bank balances	
	Margin Deposit(s)	65,000,000
	Cash in hand	83
	Bank balance pertaining to clients	96,958
	Bank balance pertaining to brokerage house	117,750
		<u><u>65,214,791</u></u>
26.2	Trade Receivables	
	Aging of trade receivables	
	Total receivables	9,888
	Outstanding for more than 14 days	(9,888)
		<u><u>-</u></u>
	Balance generated within 14 days and/or not year due	<u><u>-</u></u>
26.3	Investment in listed securities in the name of brokerage house	
	Investment in shares	144,439,075
	Less: 15% Discount	(21,665,861)
		<u><u>122,773,214</u></u>
26.4	Trade Payables	
	Book value	1
	Less: overdue for more than 30 days	(1)
		<u><u>-</u></u>
26.5	Other Payables	
	Accrued and other liabilities	2,468,528
	Short term borrowings	24,269,796
	Trade payables more than 30 days	1
		<u><u>26,738,325</u></u>

26.5.1 This amount include loan from directors amounting to Rs. 14,000,000.



27. COMPUTATION OF LIQUID CAPITAL

S. No.	Head of Account	Value in Pak Rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net Adjusted Value
1	Assets			
1.1	Property & Equipment	374,559	374,559	-
1.2	Intangible Assets	5,000,000	5,000,000	-
1.3	Investment in Govt. Securities (150,000*99)	-	-	-
	Investment in Debt. Securities			
	If listed than:			
	i. 5% of the balance sheet value in the case of tenure upto 1 year.	-	-	-
	ii. 7.5% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure from 1-3 years.	-	-	-
1.4	iii. 10% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure of more than 3 years.	-	-	-
	If unlisted than:			
	i. 10% of the balance sheet value in the case of tenure upto 1 year.	-	-	-
	ii. 12.5% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure from 1-3 years.	-	-	-
	iii. 15% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure of more than 3 years.	-	-	-
	Investment in Equity Securities			
	i. If listed 15% or VaR of each securities on the cutoff date as computed by the Securities Exchange for respective securities whichever is higher.	144,439,075	24,215,449	120,223,627
	ii. If unlisted, 100% of carrying value.	-	-	-
1.5	iii. Subscription money against Investment in IPO/offer for Sale: Amount paid as subscription money provided that shares have not been allotted or are not included in the investments of securities broker.	-	-	-
	iv. 100% Haircut shall be applied to Value of Investment in any asset including shares of listed securities that are in Block, Freeze or Pledge status as on reporting date. (July 19, 2017) Provided that 100% haircut shall not be applied in case of investment in those securities which are Pledged in favor of Stock Exchange / Clearing House against Margin Financing requirements or pledged in favor of Banks against Short Term financing arrangements. In such cases, the haircut as provided in schedule III of the Regulations in respect of investment in securities shall be applicable (August 25, 2017)	-	-	-
1.6	Investment in subsidiaries	-	-	-
	Investment in associated companies/undertaking			
1.7	i. If listed 20% or VaR of each securities as computed by the Securities Exchange for respective securities whichever is higher.	-	-	-
	ii. If unlisted, 100% of net value.	-	-	-
1.8	Statutory or regulatory deposits/basic deposits with the exchanges, clearing house or central depository or any other entity.	2,000,000	2,000,000	-
1.9	Margin deposits with exchange and clearing house.	65,000,000	-	65,000,000
1.10	Deposit with authorized intermediary against borrowed securities under SLB.	-	-	-
1.11	Other deposits and prepayments	409,037	409,037	-
1.12	Accrued interest, profit or mark-up on amounts placed with financial institutions or debt securities etc. (Nil)	-	-	-
	100% in respect of markup accrued on loans to directors, subsidiaries and other related parties	-	-	-
1.13	Dividends receivables.	-	-	-
1.14	Amounts receivable against Repo financing. Amount paid as purchaser under the REPO agreement. (<i>Securities purchased under repo arrangement shall not be included in the investments.</i>)	-	-	-
1.15	i. Short Term Loan To Employees: Loans are Secured and Due for repayment within 12 months	-	-	-
	ii. Receivables other than trade receivables	-	-	-
	Receivables from clearing house or securities exchange(s)			
1.16	100% value of claims other than those on account of entitlements against trading of securities in all markets including MtM gains.	-	-	-
	claims on account of entitlements against trading of securities in all markets including MtM gains.	-	-	-
	Receivables from customers			
	i. In case receivables are against margin financing, the aggregate if (i) value of securities held in the blocked account after applying VAR based Haircut, (ii) cash deposited as collateral by the financee (iii) market value of any securities deposited as collateral after applying VaR based haircut. <i>i. Lower of net balance sheet value or value determined through adjustments.</i>	-	-	-
	ii. In case receivables are against margin trading, 5% of the net balance sheet value. <i>ii. Net amount after deducting haircut</i>	-	-	-
1.17	iii. In case receivables are against securities borrowings under SLB, the amount paid to NCCPL as collateral upon entering into contract, <i>iii. Net amount after deducting haircut</i>	-	-	-
	iv. In case of other trade receivables not more than 5 days overdue, 0% of the net balance sheet value. <i>iv. Balance sheet value</i>	-	-	-
	v. In case of other trade receivables are overdue, or 5 days or more, the aggregate of (i) the market value of securities purchased for customers and held in sub-accounts after applying VAR based haircuts, (ii) cash deposited as collateral by the respective customer and (iii) the market value of securities held as collateral after applying VaR based haircuts. <i>v. Lower of net balance sheet value or value determined through adjustments</i>	9,888	9,888	9,888
	vi. 100% haircut in the case of amount receivable from related parties.	-	-	-

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S. No.	Head of Account	Value In Pak Rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net Adjusted Value
	Cash and Bank balances			
1.18	i. Bank Balance-proprietary accounts	117,750	-	117,750
	ii. Bank balance-customer accounts	96,958	-	96,958
	iii. Cash in hand	83	-	83
1.19	Total Assets	217,447,350	32,008,933	185,448,305
2	Liabilities			
	Trade Payables			
2.1	i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house	1,224,443	-	1,224,443
	ii. Payable against leveraged market products	-	-	-
	iii. Payable to customers	1	-	1
	Current Liabilities			
2.2	i. Statutory and regulatory dues	41,278	-	41,278
	ii. Accruals and other payables	1,202,807	-	1,202,807
	iii. Short-term borrowings	24,269,796	-	24,269,796
	iv. Current portion of subordinated loans	-	-	-
	v. Current portion of long term liabilities	-	-	-
	vi. Deferred Liabilities	-	-	-
	vii. Provision for bad debts	-	-	-
	viii. Provision for taxation	-	-	-
	ix. Other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements	-	-	-
	Non-Current Liabilities			
	i. Long-Term financing	-	-	-
	a. Long-Term financing obtained from financial institution: Long term portion of financing obtained from a financial institution including amount due against finance lease	-	-	-
	b. Other long-term financing	-	-	-
	ii. Staff retirement benefits	-	-	-
2.3	iii. Advance against shares for Increase in Capital of Securities broker: 100% haircut may be allowed in respect of advance against shares if: a. The existing authorized share capital allows the proposed enhanced share capital b. Board of Directors of the company has approved the increase in capital c. Relevant Regulatory approvals have been obtained d. There is no unreasonable delay in issue of shares against advance and all regulatory requirements relating to the increase in paid up capital have been completed. e. Auditor is satisfied that such advance is against the increase of capital.	-	-	-
	iv. Other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements	-	-	-
	Subordinated Loans			
2.4	i. 100% of Subordinated loans which fulfill the conditions specified by SECP are allowed to be deducted: The Schedule III provides that 100% haircut will be allowed against subordinated Loans which fulfill the conditions specified by SECP. In this regard, following conditions are specified: a. Loan agreement must be executed on stamp paper and must clearly reflect the amount to be repaid after 12 months of reporting period b. No haircut will be allowed against short term portion which is repayable within next 12 months. c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.	80,000,000	80,000,000	-
	ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP	-	-	-
2.5	Total Liabilities	106,738,325	80,000,000	26,738,325
3	Ranking Liabilities Relating to :			
	Concentration in Margin Financing			
3.1	The amount calculated client-to-client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.	-	-	-
	Concentration in securities lending and borrowing			
3.2	The amount by which the aggregate of: (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL (ii) Cash margins paid and (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed	-	-	-
	Net underwriting Commitments			
3.3	(a) In the case of right issue : If the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of: (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities. In the case of rights issue where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting	-	-	-
	(b) In any other case : 12.5% of the net underwriting commitments	-	-	-
3.4	Negative equity of subsidiary The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary	-	-	-
	Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency positions	-	-	-
3.5	5% of the net position in foreign currency. Net position in foreign currency means the difference of total assets denominated in foreign currency less total liabilities denominated in foreign currency	-	-	-
3.6	Amount Payable under REPO	-	-	-

S. No.	Head of Account	Value In Pak Rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net Adjusted Value
	Repo adjustment	-	-	-
3.7	In the case of financier/purchaser the total amount receivable under Repo less the 110% of the market value of underlying securities. In the case of financee/seller the market value of underlying securities after applying haircut less the total amount received, less value of any securities deposited as collateral by the purchaser after applying haircut less any cash deposited by the purchaser.	-	-	-
	Concentrated proprietary positions	-	-	-
3.8	If the market value of any security is between 25% and 51% of the total proprietary positions then 5% of the value of such security. If the market of a security exceeds 51% of the proprietary position, then 10% of the value of such security	-	-	-
	Opening Positions in futures and options	-	-	-
3.9	i. In case of customer positions, the total margin requirements in respect of open positions less the amount of cash deposited by the customer and the value of securities held as collateral/ pledged with securities exchange after applying VaR haircuts	10,874,581	10,874,581	10,874,581
	ii. In case of proprietary positions, the total margin requirements in respect of open positions to the extent not already met	-	-	-
	Short sell positions	-	-	-
3.10	i. In case of customer positions, the market value of shares sold short in ready market on behalf of customers after increasing the same with the VaR based haircuts less the cash deposited by the customer as collateral and the value of securities held as collateral after applying VAR based Haircuts	-	-	-
	ii. In case of proprietary positions, the market value of shares sold short in ready market and not yet settled increased by the amount of VAR based haircut less the value of securities pledged as collateral after applying haircuts.	-	-	-
3.11	Total Ranking Liabilities	10,874,581	10,874,581	10,874,581
		99,834,444	Liquid Capital	147,835,399

Calculations Summary of Liquid Capital

- (i) Adjusted value of Assets (serial number 1.19)
(ii) Less: Adjusted value of liabilities (serial number 2.5)
(iii) Less: Total ranking liabilities (series number 3.11)

185,448,305
(26,738,325)
(10,874,581)
147,835,399

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28. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

These Financial statements were authorized on 07 OCT 2021 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

29. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

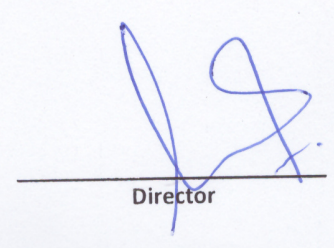
Corresponding figures' have been re-classified, wherever necessary for the purposes of comparison.

30. GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

bn


Chief Executive Officer


Director